BUDGET RESOLUTION/Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit

SUBJECT: Senate Concurrent Budget Resolution for fiscal years 2000-2009 . . . S.Con. Res. 20. Domenici motion to table the Rockefeller amendment No. 196.

ACTION: MOTION TO TABLE AGREED TO, 54-45

SYNOPSIS: As reported, S.Con. Res. 20, the Senate Concurrent Budget Resolution for fiscal years 2000-2009: will cut the debt held by the public (money that the Federal Government owes to creditors other than itself) in half over 10 years; will fully fund Medicare (all of the President's proposed \$9 billion in Medicare cuts were rejected; as a result, this budget will allow \$20.4 billion more in Medicare spending over the next 10 years); will save the entire \$1.8 trillion in Social Security surpluses over the next 10 years for Social Security; will provide for \$778 billion in net tax relief over the next 10 years (in contrast, the President's budget would increase the tax burden by \$96 billion net over 10 years), and will adhere to the spending restraints (discretionary spending caps and pay-go provisions) of the bipartisan budget agreement as enacted in the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 and the Taxpayer Reform Act of 1997 (the President's proposed budget, in contrast, would dramatically increase spending in violation of that bipartisan agreement, and would result in \$2.2 trillion more in total Federal debt at the end of 10 years than proposed in this Senate budget).

The Rockefeller amendment would create a reserve fund that would allow the functional totals to be adjusted to provide a prescription drug coverage benefit under Medicare if legislation were enacted to modernize and strengthen Medicare and if the provision of such a benefit did not cause an on-budget deficit.

After debate, Senator Domenici moved to table the Rockefeller amendment. Generally, those favoring the motion to table opposed the amendment; those opposing the motion to table favored the amendment.

Those favoring the motion to table contended:

We should wait until a bipartisan Medicare reform package is put together before we start trying to set aside funding for

(See other side)							
YEAS (54)			NAYS (45)			NOT VOTING (1)	
Republicans Democrats (54 or 100%) (0 or 0%)		Republicans (0 or 0%)	Democrats (45 or 100%)		Republicans	Democrats	
					(1)	(0)	
Abraham Allard Ashcroft Bennett Bond Brownback Bunning Burns Campbell Chafee Cochran Collins Coverdell Craig Crapo DeWine Domenici Enzi Fitzgerald Frist Gorton Gramm Grams Grassley Gregg Hagel Hatch	Helms Hutchinson Hutchison Inhofe Jeffords Kyl Lott Lugar Mack McConnell Murkowski Nickles Roberts Roth Santorum Sessions Shelby Smith, Bob Smith, Gordon Snowe Specter Stevens Thomas Thompson Thurmond Voinovich Warner			Akaka Baucus Bayh Biden Bingaman Boxer Breaux Bryan Byrd Cleland Conrad Daschle Dodd Dorgan Durbin Edwards Feingold Feinstein Graham Harkin Hollings Inouye Johnson	Kennedy Kerrey Kerry Kohl Landrieu Lautenberg Leahy Levin Lieberman Lincoln Mikulski Moynihan Murray Reed Reid Robb Rockefeller Sarbanes Schumer Torricelli Wellstone Wyden	EXPLANAT 1—Official I 2—Necessar 3—Illness 4—Other SYMBOLS: AY—Annou AN—Annou PY—Paired PN—Paired	ily Absent nced Yea nced Nay Yea

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particular elements such a reform package may contain.

Those opposing the motion to table contended:

Senior citizens on Medicare deserve a prescription drug benefit. This amendment would create a credible reserve fund to accommodate legislation to give such a benefit if a Medicare reform bill is first passed. The amendment also has been crafted to guarantee that giving this benefit would not result in an on-budget deficit. We urge our colleagues to oppose the motion to table this meritorious proposal.